



AVVISO DI SELEZIONE (L.P. 2024-69990), CON VALUTAZIONE CURRICULUM E PROVA COLLOQUIO, PER IL CONFERIMENTO DI UN INCARICO A RAPPORTO LIBERO PROFESSIONALE A ESPERTO PROJECT MANAGER.

QUESITI PREDISPOSTI DALLA COMMISSIONE ESTRATTI A SORTE DAI CANDIDATI:

QUESITO A)

Quali sono i principali programmi di finanziamento europei da monitorare per la presentazione di un progetto da parte di una azienda sanitaria?

Despite the diversity of ageing, society and academics often describe and label all older persons as one homogeneous vulnerable group and care as a “challenge” result from an ageing Europe. As the term vulnerability is frequently interchangeably used with frailty, dependence, or loss of autonomy, a connection between older age and deficits is still promoted. The common public narrative on ageing, being viewed as an inevitable process of decline, often portrays older adults as frail, vulnerable, and dependent (Centre for aging better 2021).

QUESITO B)

Illustra le principali differenze tra communication e dissemination, con particolare riferimento agli stakeholder interessati e potenziali canali da utilizzare.

Documented in a [global systematic review](#) on the impacts of ageism on health, ageism leads to barriers in access or denial of healthcare services and treatments, with age being the primary factor determining who receives certain procedures and treatments (e.g., access to screenings; underrepresentation in clinical trials; insurance payment fees, inappropriate use of medications...).

*[Research](#) shows that **ageism is, indeed, associated with earlier death**. In fact, in the review done with 422 studies from 45 countries, it was found that in 405 (96%) studies, ageism was associated with worse outcomes in all the health domains examined.*

QUESITO C)

Che cosa si intende per “social sciences and humanities” e come possono contribuire alla realizzazione di un progetto di ricerca europeo?

It is now well established that ageing is a lifelong process, which involves both gains and losses due to the combination of biological, psychological, and social mechanisms (EU Report on Long-term Care, 2021). Personal traits like family background, gender, and ethnicity play a role in shaping the connection with these environments, resulting in disparities in health outcomes. Failing to address the diversity of older people conducts often to generic care and medical practices that in some cases even aggravate the physical and mental capacities of the people in need of care.

I quesiti, estratti a sorte dai candidati, sono stati integrati con domande aperte di approfondimento sulle materie inerenti all'attività di cui al bando con la finalità di accertare il possesso della professionalità richiesta come evidenziato nel bando dell'avviso.